Federal Reserve System

Board shall forward the amount of the penalty to the Treasury of the United States.

§ 263.65 Civil penalty inflation adjustments.

- (a) Inflation adjustments. In accordance with the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990 (28 U.S.C. 2461 note), the Board has set forth in paragraph (b) of this section adjusted maximum penalty amounts for each civil money penalty provided by law within its jurisdiction. The adjusted civil penalty amounts provided in paragraphs (b)(1) through (10) of this section replace only the amounts published in the statutes authorizing the assessment of penalties and the previously-adjusted amounts adopted as of October 12, 2004, October 12, 2000, and October 24, 1996. The adjusted civil penalty amounts provided in paragraphs (b)(11) and (12) of this section replace only the amounts published in the statutes authorizing the assessment of penalties and were adjusted by the Office of Thrift Supervision as of October 27, 2008. The authorizing statutes contain the complete provisions under which the Board may seek a civil money penalty. The increased penalty amounts apply only to violations occurring after September 13, 2011.
- (b) Maximum civil money penalties. The maximum civil money penalties as set forth in the referenced statutory sections are as follows:
 - (1) 12 U.S.C. 324:
- (i) Inadvertently late or misleading reports, inter alia—\$2,200.
- (ii) Other late or misleading reports, *inter alia*—\$32,000.
- (iii) Knowingly or recklessly false or misleading reports, *inter alia*—\$1,375,000.
- (2) 12 U.S.C. 504, 505, 1817(j)(16), 1818(i)(2) and 1972(2)(F):
 - (i) First tier—\$7,500.
 - (ii) Second tier—\$37,500.
 - (iii) Third tier—\$1,375,000.
 - (3) 12 U.S.C. 1820(k)(6)(A)(ii)—\$275,000.
 - (4) 12 U.S.C. 1832(c)—\$1,100.
 - (5) 12 U.S.C. 1847(b), 3110(a)—\$37,500.
 - (6) 12 U.S.C. 1847(d), 3110(c):
 - (i) First tier—\$2,200.
 - (ii) Second tier—\$32,000.
 - (iii) Third tier—\$1,375,000.
 - (7) 12 U.S.C. 334, 374a, 1884—\$110.

- (8) 12 U.S.C. 3909(d)—\$1,100.
- (9) 15 U.S.C. 78u-2:
- (i) 15 U.S.C. 78u-2(b)(1)—\$7,500 for a natural person and \$70,000 for any other person.
- (ii) 15 U.S.C. 78u-2(b)(2)—\$70,000 for a natural person and \$350,000 for any other person.
- (iii) 15 U.S.C. 78u-2(b)(3)—\$140,000 for a natural person and \$675,000 for any other person.
 - (10) 42 U.S.C. 4012a(f)(5):
 - (i) For each violation—\$385.
- (ii) For the total amount of penalties assessed under 42 U.S.C 4012a(f)(5) against an institution or enterprise during any calendar year—\$135,000.
 - (11) 12 U.S.C. 1467a(i):
 - (i) 12 U.S.C. 1467a(i)(2)-\$32,500.
 - (ii) 12 U.S.C. 1467a(i)(3)-\$32,500.
 - (12) 12 U.S.C. 1467a(r):
 - (i) 12 U.S.C. 1467a(r)(1)–\$ 2,200.
 - (ii) 12 U.S.C. 1467a(r)(2)-\$32,500.
 - (iii) 12 U.S.C. 1467a(r)(3)-\$1,375,000.

[73 FR 58032, Oct. 6, 2008, as amended at 76 FR 56604, Sept. 13, 2011]

Subpart D—Rules and Procedures Applicable to Suspension or Removal of an Institution-Affiliated Party Where a Felony is Charged or Proven

§ 263.70 Purpose and scope.

The rules and procedures set forth in this subpart apply to informal hearings afforded to any institution-affiliated party for whom the Board is the appropriate regulatory agency, who has been suspended or removed from office or prohibited from further participation in any manner in the conduct of the institution's affairs by a notice or order issued by the Board upon the grounds set forth in section 8(g) of the FDIA (12 U.S.C. 1818(g)).

§ 263.71 Notice or order of suspension, removal, or prohibition.

(a) Grounds. The Board may suspend an institution-affiliated party from office or prohibit an institution-affiliated party from further participation in any manner in the conduct of an institution's affairs when the person is charged in any information, indictment, or complaint authorized by a